



Hydrocortisone 0.5% and 1.0% cream

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their symptoms are the same as yours.

Index

1 What Hydrocortisone cream is and what it is used for

2 Before you use

3 How to use

4 Possible side effects

5 How to store

6 Further information

1 What Hydrocortisone cream is and what it is used for

Hydrocortisone belongs to a group of medicines called topical corticosteroids. These work by calming the inflammation that occurs during certain skin conditions or reactions.

Hydrocortisone cream may be used for treating various skin conditions including:

- eczema
- dermatitis, including intertrigo (irritation between skin folds)
- insect bite reactions
- inflammation of the external ear (otitis externa)
- prurigo nodularis- a long term skin condition where very itchy lumps appear
- neurodermatoses- a long term skin condition where itchy skin becomes thick due to scratching
- nappy rash, if infection exists it is being treated with appropriate antibiotics.

2 Before you use

Do not use Hydrocortisone cream and **tell** your doctor if you:

- are **allergic** (hypersensitive) to hydrocortisone or any of the other ingredients (see section 6)
- are suffering from **skin conditions caused by infections**, which are not being treated with appropriate antibiotics, including impetigo, cold sores, chicken pox, herpes, ringworm, athlete's foot or thrush
- have the **scabies** mite
- have **rosacea** (flushing of the skin on the face) or **dermatitis** around the mouth area.

Check with your doctor or pharmacist

before using Hydrocortisone cream if you:

- are treating a **child** as long term use in children is not recommended. Do not use under a nappy or airtight dressing for more than five to seven days
- are applying the cream to the **face**, particularly around the eyes. Do not use the cream for longer than your doctor has advised
- have a **skin infection**. If the condition appears to be getting worse despite using antibiotics prescribed, stop using the cream and contact your doctor
- suffer with **psoriasis**.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

Tell your doctor if you are pregnant, plan to become pregnant, or are breast-feeding. If you become pregnant whilst using hydrocortisone cream, tell your doctor immediately.

Ingredient information

This cream contains cetostearyl alcohol which may cause local skin reactions such as contact dermatitis and chlorocresol which may cause allergic reactions, in some people.

3 How to use

Always use Hydrocortisone cream exactly as your doctor has told you. If you are not sure, check with your doctor or pharmacist.

For application to the skin.

Doses

- Adults - gently apply a thin layer of cream to the affected area(s) two or three times a day.
- Children and infants - gently apply a thin layer of cream to the affected area(s) two or three times a day. Avoid using for more than five to seven days at a time.

If you use more Hydrocortisone cream than you should

- Do not use the cream more often or for longer than your doctor tells you to.
- Do not use larger quantities than as directed, as this will increase the possibility of side effects.
- If you accidentally use too much on a few occasions do not worry.
- If you accidentally swallow some cream, small amounts are not harmful.

If you forget to use Hydrocortisone Cream

If you forget to use the cream, apply it as soon as you remember, unless it is nearly time to apply the next dose.

4 Possible side effects

Like all medicines, Hydrocortisone cream can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. Please tell your doctor or pharmacist if you notice any of the following effects or any effects not listed.

Stop using Hydrocortisone cream and contact your doctor at once if the following allergic reaction happens swelling of the face, lips, tongue or throat, or difficulty breathing or swallowing. This is a very serious but rare side effect. You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation.

Tell your doctor if you notice any of the following side effects or notice any other effects not listed:

- a change in the colour of skin, or increased growth of hair in areas where the cream is used
- contact dermatitis – localised rash or irritation to the skin

Using more than the correct amount of cream may:

- thin the skin so it damages easily

- allow the active ingredient to pass through the skin and affect other parts of the body, especially in infants and children, if used under a nappy or airtight dressing and during pregnancy.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5 How to store

Keep out of the reach and sight of children.

Store below 25°C. Do not freeze.

Do not use Hydrocortisone cream after the expiry date stated on the label/carton/bottle. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.

6 Further information

What Hydrocortisone cream contains

- The active substance (the ingredient that makes the cream work) is hydrocortisone. Each cream contains either 0.5% w/w or 1% w/w of the active ingredient.
- The other ingredients are chlorocresol, cetomacrogol, cetostearyl alcohol and paraffin.

What Hydrocortisone cream looks like and contents of the pack

Hydrocortisone cream is white.

Pack sizes of 15g, 30g and 50g.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and manufacturer

Actavis, Barnstaple, EX32 8NS, UK.

This leaflet was last revised in April 2014

More information on managing skin conditions may be obtained from:

National Eczema Society or the Skin Care Campaign, Hill House, Highgate Hill, London N19 5NA